Probability

1. Find the probability an odd number is thrown in the toss of a fair die.

2. Suppose a family has three children. Find the probability they have at most one boy.

3. Consider the tossing of a pair of dice. Find the probability that the sum of the two die is 6.

4. Consider again the tossing of a pair of dice. Find the probability the sum is greater than6.

5. The following is a grade distribution for a class of students.

Grade	Frequency
А	5
В	9
С	9
D	7
F	5

(a) Calculate the probability a randomly selected student received an A in the course.

(b) Given that receiving at least a C is passing the course, calculate the probability a student passed the course.

(c) Calculate the probability a student did not pass the course.

Selling Range	Frequency
\$250,000 - \$299,999	10
\$300,000 - \$349,999	20
\$350,000 - \$399,999	20
\$400,000 - \$450,000	10

6. The following frequency distribution gives the selling prices of homes in an area.

(a) Calculate the probability a randomly selected home sold in the range of \$350,000 to \$399,999.

(b) Suppose you only want to spend at most \$349,999 on a home. Calculate the probability you will find a home in your price range.

7. An exam distribution has a normal distribution with mean 75 and standard deviation 10. Calculate the probability that if the exam is given to a group of students that a student's score will be between 65 and 85.

8. MCAT scores are normally distributed with an average score of 500.5 and a standard deviation of 10.5. Calculate the probability you get a score higher than 521.5 if you take the exam.

9. A single card is drawn from a standard deck of 52 playing cards. (a) Find the probability the card is a numbered card.

(b) Find the probability the card is not a spade.

(c) Find the probability the card is not a king, queen, or jack.

Answers:

1. 1/2 2. 1/2 3. 5/36 4. 7/12 5. (a) 5/35 (b) 23/35 (c) 12/35 6. (a) 20/60 (b) 30/60 7. 68% 8. 2.5% 9. (a) 9/13 (b) 39/52 (c) 10/13